

Connecting the animal genome, the intestinal microbiome and nutrition to enhance the efficiency of ruminant digestion and to mitigate the environmental impacts of ruminant livestock production



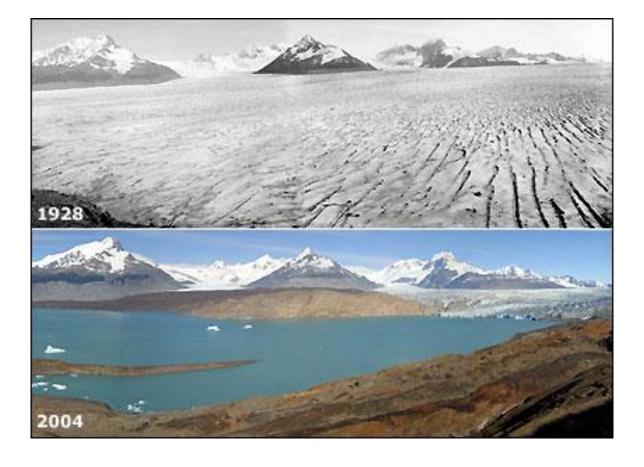


John Wallace

Collaborative project Jan. 2012 – Dec. 2015 www.ruminomics.eu

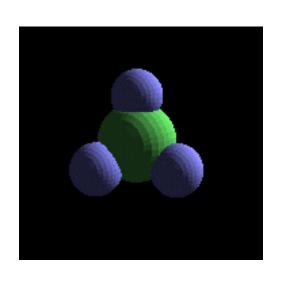
Methane, ruminants and the environment

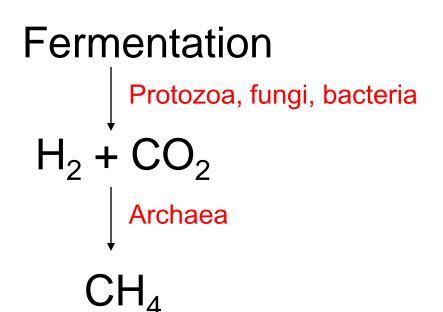




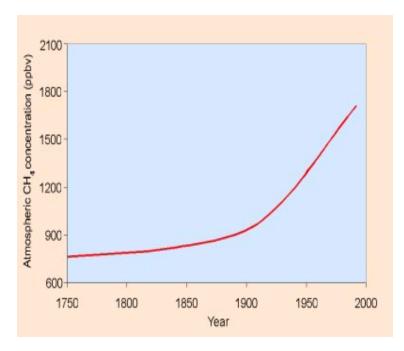


Methane production in ruminants





Methane as a greenhouse gas

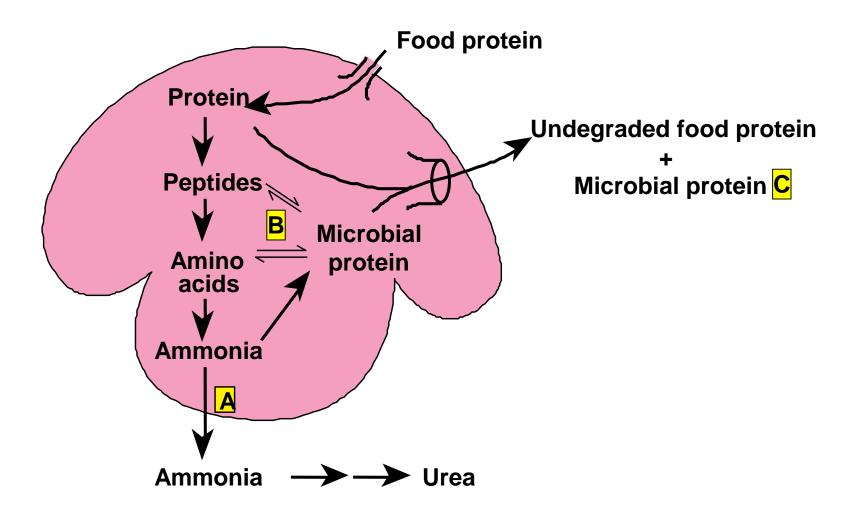


US Environmental Protection Agency, 2000

CH₄ has a global warming potential ("radiative forcing") 28 times that of CO₂

Methane contributes approximately 18% to the overall global warming effect

Protein metabolism





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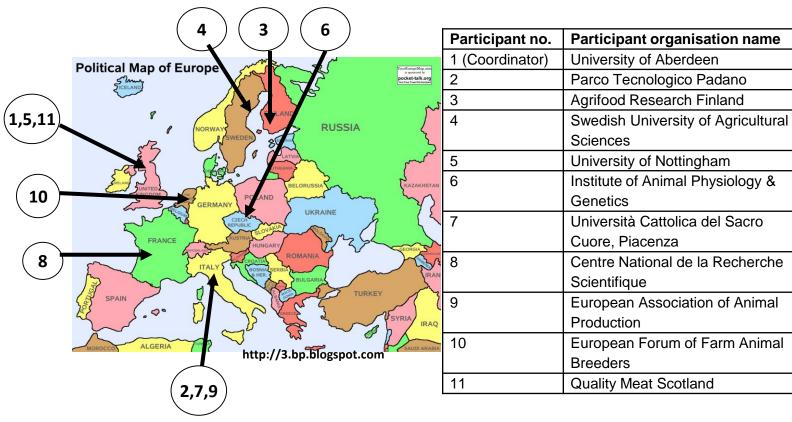




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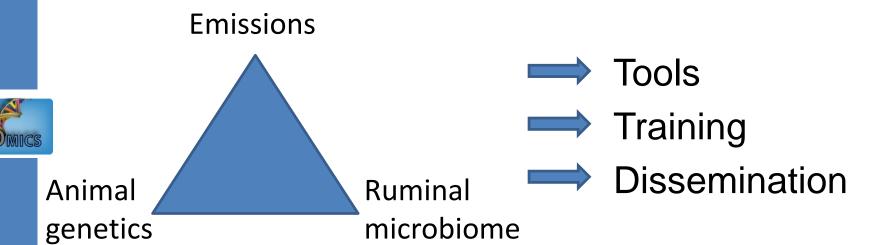
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RuminOmics - Partners





RuminOmics - Aims of project



- Does the animal itself determine its ruminal microbiome?
- If so, is this a heritable trait?
- How does nutrition affect this relationship?

RuminOmics - Response to technology

THE CALL:

KBBE.2011.1.1-03: Efficiency of ruminant digestive systems and reduction of the ecological footprint through a combination of systems biology, 'omics'







RuminOmics - Experiments

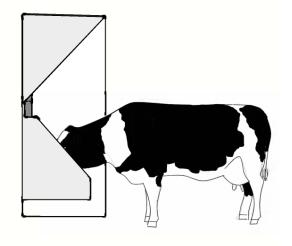
1000 cows in UK, Italy, Sweden, Finland

Methane N emissions FCE Milk quality

Ruminal microbiome

Animal genotype

- 20 cows in Sweden, Finland
 Impact of N, CHO, lipid nutrition
- 50 cows in UK, Italy, Sweden, Finland
 Full metagenome analysis





RuminOmics - Experiments II

Bovine single-egg twins





Interspecies digesta transfer





RuminOmics - Experiments III

Genome Bin APb 55 Scaffolds 2.41 Mb

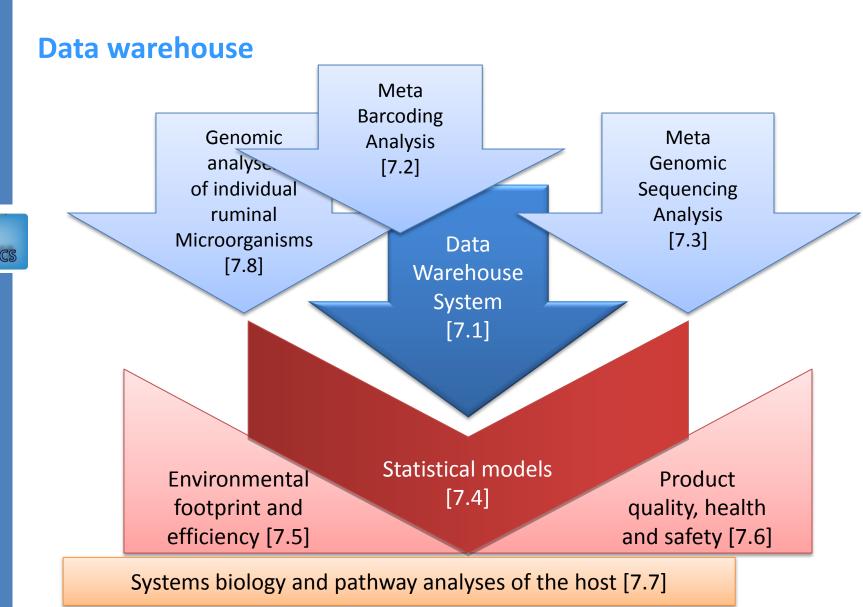
Bacterial genomes

Six Butyrivibrio spp.

Two HAP species

Fungal genomes
 Anaeromyces sp.
 Caecomyces sp.





Proxies Milk fatty acids

Relationship with methane

Positive	Negative
iso C14:0	trans 10+11 C18:1
iso C15:0	C15:0
anteiso C17:0	C17:0+C17:1

CH4 production was positively correlated with a dominance of sequences representing T-RFs related to Methanobrevibacter thaueri, Methanobrevibacter millerae, and Methanobrevibacter

smithii relative to Methanobrevibacter ruminantium and Methanobrevibacter olleyae. Total numbers of methanogens

and total numbers of *Methanobacteriales* were significantly



Proxies Buccal-ruminal-faecal microbiomes

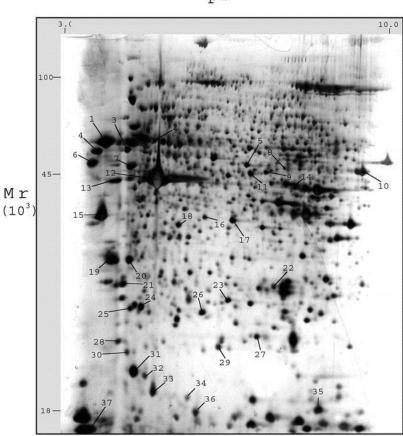




Tools

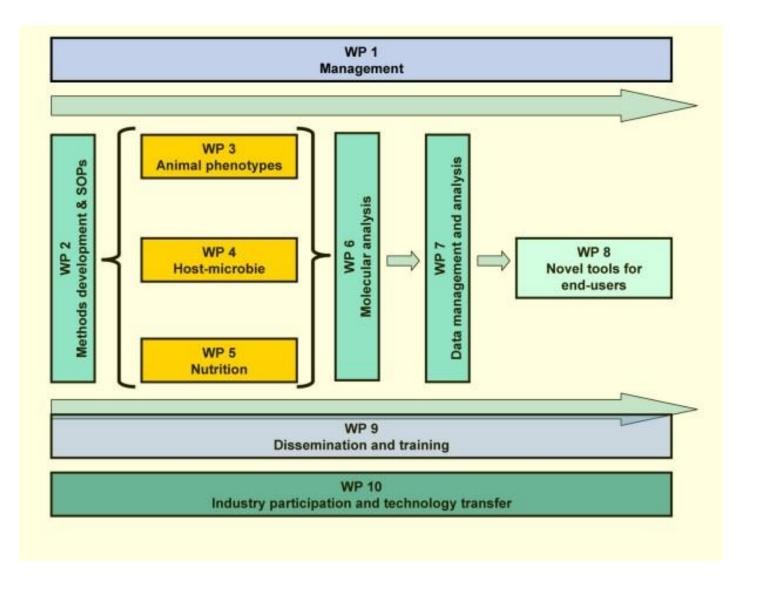
Metaproteomics

pΙ





Work Package Structure





RuminOmics - Aspirations



The Bioinformatics challenge



